

Financial Statements

Youth Employment Services YES

March 31, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Board of Directors of **Youth Employment Services YES**

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Youth Employment Services YES (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statements of operations and changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Youth Employment Services YES as at March 31, 2023, and its results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial **Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada June 19, 2023 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Financial Position		
March 31	2023	2022
Assets Current		
Cash Investments (Note 3)	\$ 1,218,859 7,610,855	\$ 1,355,948 7,516,303
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	846,358 78,029	969,127 51,605
	9,754,101	9,892,983
Leasehold improvements and equipment (Note 4)	<u>80,459</u>	<u>158,075</u>
	\$ 9,834,560	<u>\$10,051,058</u>
Liabilities and fund balances Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5) Deferred revenue (Note 6)	\$ 2,096,800 	\$ 2,442,539
	3,478,549	3,575,738
Deferred capital contributions (Note 7)	80,102	<u>157,718</u>
	<u>3,558,651</u>	<u>3,733,456</u>
Fund balances (Note 8) Operating Fund	_	_
Special Projects Fund	6,275,909	6,317,602
	6,275,909	6,317,602
	<u>\$ 9,834,560</u>	\$10,051,058

Lease commitments (Note 11)

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Rami Jurdi Director MOMM Director

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balance Operating Fund

Year Ended March 31	2023	2022
Revenue		
Provincial Government		
Youth Job Connections	\$ 3,960,745	\$ 3,940,974
Employment Service	2,652,294	2,652,486
Canada-Ontario Job Grant	944,395	944,387
Youth Job Connections - Summer	766,478	778,100
	•	
YES 2 Tech Learn and Earn (Y2TLE)	568,309	539,989
Career Jumpstart	552,999	4 40 005
YESAbility	166,979	142,385
Federal Government		
Youth Collaboration and Job Central	2,515,827	2,419,808
BizStart	1,394,652	1,341,293
Lighthouse	657,530	652,248
City of Toronto		
Toronto Youth Job Corps	836,014	842,177
Toronto Social Services (Ontario Works)	439,765	425,402
Streets to Jobs	33,825	68,472
ABC Event	10,000	-
Miscellaneous income	177,006	152,285
Interest income (Note 3)	62,938	9,745
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 7)	98,333	121,081
Less: deferred funding for leasehold improvements and	•	,
equipment (Note 7)	(20,717)	(59,565)
	15,817,372	14,971,267
Expenses		, ,
Staff salaries and benefits	8,037,701	7,381,138
Participants' stipends, training allowance and benefits	7,380,387	6,876,064
Program operating costs	1,834,850	1,839,966
Amortization of leasehold improvements and equipment	98,333	121,081
Other expenses	816	1,062
Other expenses	010	1,002
	<u>17,352,087</u>	16,219,311
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(1,534,715)	(1,248,044)
Operating Fund deficit hegipping of year		(245)
Operating Fund deficit, beginning of year	-	(315)
Transfers from the Special Projects Fund		
Citi Foundation – YES2Tech	356,303	313,945
HSBC – Career Accelerator	193,367	242,431
GAP This Way Onward / Ahead	161,490	158,151
RBC Foundation	129,432	107,241
Career Navigator	62,128	18,977
Career JumpStart	53,077	10,577
Y2TLE	34,908	32,280
YES2Cloud	26,000	32,200
Manulife	20,000	6,857
	272 200	
Additional restricted program supports	273,398 244,612	176,450
Annual transfer (Note 8)	244,612	192,027
Operating Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balance -Special Projects Fund

Year ended March 31		2023		2022
Revenue				
Restricted donations	\$	923,976	\$	758,681
Restricted donations – Citi Foundation		356,303		313,944
Unrestricted donations		204,888		311,503
Investment income (Note 3)	_	32,470		361,108
		1,517,637	1	1,745,236
Expenses Investment fees		24,615		25,261
F(_			
Excess of revenue over expenses		1,493,022	Ī	1,719,975
Fund balance, beginning of year		6,317,602	5	5,845,986
Transfers to the Operating Fund (Note 8)				
Citi Foundation – YES2Tech		(356,303)		(313,945)
HSBC – Career Accelerator		(193,367)		(242,431)
GAP This Way Onward / Ahead		(161,490)		(158, 151)
RBC Foundation		(129,432)		(107,241)
Career Navigator		(62,128)		(18,977)
Career JumpStart		(53,077)		-
Y2TLE		(34,908)		(32,280)
YES2Cloud		(26,000)		-
Manulife		-		(6,857)
Additional restricted program supports		(273,398)		(176,450)
Annual transfer (Note 8)	_	(244,612)		(192,027)
Special Projects Fund balance, end of year (Note 8)	\$_	6,275,909	\$ 6	6,317,602

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31 2023 2022 Increase (decrease) in cash Operating Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Operating Fund \$ (1,248,044) \$ (1,534,715) Special Projects Fund 1,493,022 1,719,975 Add (deduct) items not involving cash Amortization of leasehold improvements and equipment 98,333 121,081 Unrealized/reinvested gain on investments, net (Note 3) (32,470)(361,108)Amortization of deferred capital contributions (98,333)(121,081)

Net change in non-cash working capital items		
Accounts receivable	122,769	(297,930)
Prepaid expenses	(26,424)	9,913
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(345,739)	25,233
Deferred revenue	248,550	(274,435)

(74,163)

110,823

	<u>(75,007</u>)	(426,396)
Investing and financing activities		
Receipt of deferred contributions	20,717	59,565
Proceeds on sales of investments	630,000	1,620,000
Purchase of investments	(692,082)	(1,428,565)
Purchase of leasehold improvements and equipment	(20,717)	(59,565)
	(62,082)	191,435

Change in cash during the year	(137,089)	(234,961)
Cash, beginning of year	1,355,948	1,590,909

Cash, end of year **\$ 1,218,859** \$ 1,355,948

March 31, 2023

1. Organization and purpose

Youth Employment Services YES ("YES" or the "Organization") was originally incorporated on April 18, 1968 under the Ontario Corporations Act as Youth Employment Service. The operation was subsequently transferred, and all rights, obligations and interests assigned to Youth Employment Services YES, which was incorporated on October 2, 2006 under the laws of Canada and continued under the Canada Not-for-Profit Corporations Act on April 30, 2013. YES is a Canadian registered charity under the Income Tax Act, Canada.

YES is engaged primarily in activities assisting disadvantaged young people, between the ages of 15 and 30, in finding and keeping employment and provides similar services for adults should the need arise. YES also operates a Youth Business Centre to help youth become self-employed or start their own business.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, the more significant of which are outlined below:

Fund accounting

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions and follows the principles of fund accounting, under which resources for particular purposes are classified for accounting and reporting into funds corresponding to those purposes.

The Operating Fund represents YES's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reflects unrestricted resources and restricted operating grants.

The Special Projects Fund reflects restricted and unrestricted donations, to be spent as the donor and/or the Board of Directors (the "Board") directs.

Revenue recognition

Revenue of the Operating Fund is recorded when received or receivable and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted and unrestricted donations are recognized as revenue of the Special Projects Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions and grants without a restricted fund are deferred in the Operating Fund when initially recorded in the accounts and recognized as revenue of the Operating Fund in the period in which the related expenses are recognized.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of leasehold improvements and equipment are deferred and amortized into revenue of the Operating Fund at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related leasehold improvements and equipment.

Investment income is recognized as earned.

March 31, 2023

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Leasehold improvements and equipment

Leasehold improvements and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. When leasehold improvements and equipment no longer contribute to YES's ability to provide services, the carrying amounts are written down to their residual value.

Leasehold improvements and equipment are amortized on a straight-line basis using the following annual rates:

Furniture and equipment 5 years
Computer equipment 3 years
Leasehold improvements

Leasehold improvements Over the term of the lease

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. The assets are tested for impairment by comparing the net carrying value to its fair value or replacement cost. If the asset's fair value or replacement cost is determined to be less than its net carrying value, the resulting impairment is reported in the statement of operations. Any impairment recognized is not reversed.

Allocation of expenses

General support expenses such as salaries and benefits, professional services, office expenses, promotions, bank and payroll charges, insurance, membership, staff travel and staff development and training, are expenses that are covered by funders through administration fees or organizational infrastructure costs.

YES receives administration or organizational infrastructure fees, which are based on each funder's allowable percentages set in the contracts or guidelines, to cover general support expenses. Administration or organizational infrastructure fees are either negotiated or set by the program funders at the beginning of each program term.

The details of the expense allocations are disclosed in Note 9.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the fiscal year then ended. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates. Items subject to significant management estimate include amortization of leasehold improvements and equipment, the estimate of allowance for doubtful accounts, measurement of deferred grant revenues, amounts owing to government funders and the vacation pay accrual.

March 31, 2023

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

The Organization's financial instruments consist of cash, investments, accounts receivable, and accounts payable.

Financial assets or liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently the Organization measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost except for investments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in investment income.

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization regularly assesses whether there are any indications of impairment. Any impairment loss is recognized in the statement of operations.

3. Investments

	2023	2022
Pooled funds High interest savings account Guaranteed investment certificates	\$ 4,550,455 2,860,400 200,000	\$ 4,517,986 2,368,317 630,000
	\$ 7,610,855	\$ 7,516,303

The guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) are cashable within one year. The GICs mature in January and February, 2024 and earn interest at 3.50% and 4.75% per annum (2022 – mature in January, 2023 and earn interest at 0.75% and 0.82% per annum).

Investment income consists of the following:

	2023	2022
Operating Fund Interest income	\$ 62,938	\$9,745
Special Project Fund Reinvested realized income Unrealized losses	393,290 (360,820)	461,122 (100,014)
	32,470	361,108
	\$ 95,408	\$ 370,873

March 31, 2023

4. Leasehold improvements and equipment

				2023	 2022
	 Cost	 cumulated mortization		Net Book Value	 Net Book Value
Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 378,247 847,456 494,105	\$ 347,806 799,617 491,926	\$	30,441 47,839 2,179	\$ 57,760 84,301 16,014
	\$ 1,719,808	\$ 1,639,349	<u>\$</u>	80,459	\$ 158,075

5. Government remittances

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances owing of \$41,662 (2022 - \$36,323) in relation to source deductions and \$11,448 (2022 - \$98,852) in relation to provincial funding surpluses. These amounts were remitted during April and May 2023 (2022 - April and May 2022).

6. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents grant and donation revenue for ongoing programs. Under the deferral method, unspent funds received that relate to a future period are deferred.

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year Grant and donations received Revenue recognized (excluding interest and capital contribution)	\$ 1,133,199 17,410,535 (17,161,985)	\$ 1,407,634 16,009,699 (16,284,134)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,381,749	\$ 1,133,199

7. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of grants and donations received for the purchase of leasehold improvements and equipment. The amortization of these contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balance - Operating Fund.

	 2023	_	2022
Balance, beginning of year Grants and donations Amounts amortized to revenue	\$ 157,718 20,717 (98,333)	\$	219,234 59,565 (121,081)
Balance, end of year	\$ 80,102	\$	157,718

March 31, 2023

8. Fund balances

	Opening balance April 1, 2022	Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	<u>Transfers</u>	Closing balance March 31, 2023
Operating fund	\$ -	\$ (1,534,715)	\$ 1,534,71 <u>5</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
Special project fund Internally restricted by the Board Restricted by the Donor - Special projects Restricted by the Donor - Program supports				
	6,193,768	212,743	(130,602)	6,275,909
	-	1,280,279	(1,280,279)	-
	123,834	<u>-</u>	(123,834)	
	6,317,602	1,493,022	(1,534,715)	6,275,909
Beginning and ending fund balance	\$ 6,317,602	\$ (41,693)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 6,275,909

The transfers to the Operating Fund from the Special Projects Fund include restricted fund transfers plus an annual transfer totalling \$244,612 (2022 - \$192,027) that was used to fund additional client supports, as well as the general operating fund deficit.

Allocation of general support expenses

General support expenses have been allocated to programs as follows:

	Provincial Government	Federal <u>Government</u>	City of Toronto	Othe	2023 2022 Total Total
Salary and benefits Professional services Other	\$ 645,620 10,528 92,597	\$ 244,657 3,990 35,089	\$ 33,373 544 4,787	\$ 70,34 1,14 10,08	7 16,209 16,051
	\$ 748,745	\$ 283,736	\$ 38,704	\$ 81,58	1 \$1,152,766 \$1,146,279

The general support expenses are expensed in staff salaries and benefits and program operating costs in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances – operating fund.

10. Donations in kind

The Organization receives a variety of donations in kind for which no donation tax receipts are issued. These donations are not reflected in the financial statements, but they assist YES in meeting its objectives in the most cost-effective manner. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed donations in kind are not recognized in the financial statements.

Volunteers also contribute significant time each fiscal year to assist YES in carrying out its service delivery activities. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

March 31, 2023

11. Lease commitments

YES rents office and operating space under operating leases which expire at various times up to May 2028. Future minimum annual lease payments over the next five years representing base rent are as follows:

2024	\$ 505,882
2025	398,038
2026	360,467
2027	299,676
2028	236,676

12. Financial instruments

The Organization's main financial instrument risk exposures are detailed as follows:

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. YES is exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable. YES reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments are due and maintaining adequate cash reserves to repay advances.

Interest rate and market risk

Interest rate and market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate and market risk with respect to its investments. The market risk is mitigated by the Organization through investing in instruments which have a low susceptibility to significant fluctuations in the market.

Credit risk

The Organization's financial instruments that are exposed to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and accounts receivable. YES places its cash investments with high credit quality institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit.

The credit risk with respect to its accounts receivable is to the extent that debtors do not meet their obligations. However, this risk is mitigated by the fact that most of the accounts receivable as of March 31, 2023 are from the city, provincial and federal governments. Allowance for doubtful accounts is \$Nil (2022 - \$Nil).

Other risks

It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant cash flow or concentration risks arising from its financial instruments.

March 31, 2023

13. Objectives, policies and procedures for managing capital

The Organization's capital is comprised of the Special Projects Fund.

The Board's objective is to maintain the Special Projects Fund at a level sufficient to meet both the annual working capital requirements and to fund commitments for special projects and programming. The Board has established a statement of investment policy which is conservative and seeks a balance between fixed income investments, which offer the highest immediate income but little protection against inflation, and common stocks, which generally yield a relatively low immediate dividend, but which show promise of dividend growth and appreciation in value. This is monitored by the Board on a regular basis with the engagement of a professional investment manager.

The Board reviews and approves the annual budget (which includes the capital budget). Throughout the fiscal year, the actual results are monitored against the budget.